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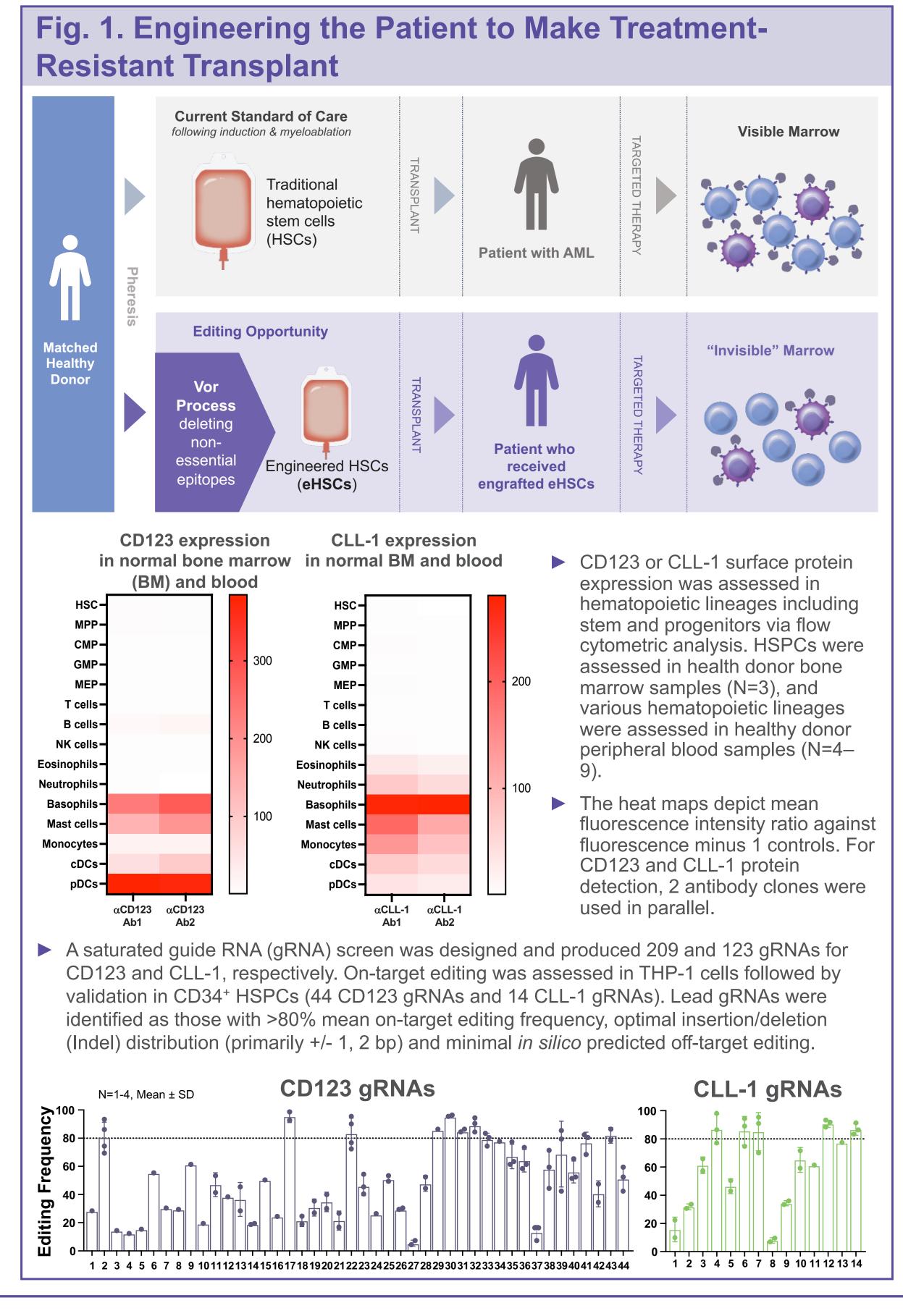
Knock Out of CD123 or CLL-1 by CRISPR-Cas9 Editing From Human Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantations Provide New Possibilities for Increasing Therapeutic Index and Safety for AML Treatment 5

INTRODUCTION

- Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) is a clonal disorder of hematopoiesis and the most common form of acute leukemia in adults that accounts for >11,000 deaths per year in the US.
- Most patients with AML relapse despite intensive chemotherapy. Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) has become the standard of care for patients with intermediate or adverse genetics, with >3500 transplantations performed annually in the US.
- ► However, leukemia relapse after HSCT occurs in ~40% of these patients with a 2-year survival rate at <20%, necessitating new approaches to reduce relapse and improve overall outcomes.
- ► Targeted immunotherapies for the treatment of AML, while promising, are associated with myelosuppression caused by on-target off-tumor cytotoxicity owing to these targeted antigens such as cluster of differentiation 123 (CD123) or C-type lectin-like molecule-1 (CLL-1)¹ being present on both AML and normal myeloid cells

OBJECTIVE

- ► To circumvent such myelotoxicity, CD123 or CLL-1 negative human hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells (hHSPCs) were created for HSCT to enable subsequent targeted therapy against these antigens to prevent post-HSCT relapse.
- Here, we present in vitro and in vivo preclinical evaluation to biologically de-risk CRISPR/Cas9 engineered CD123 or CLL-1 knock out (KO) hHSPC and to demonstrate as proof-of-concept, protection of CD123 or CLL-1 KO cells from targeted immunotherapies.



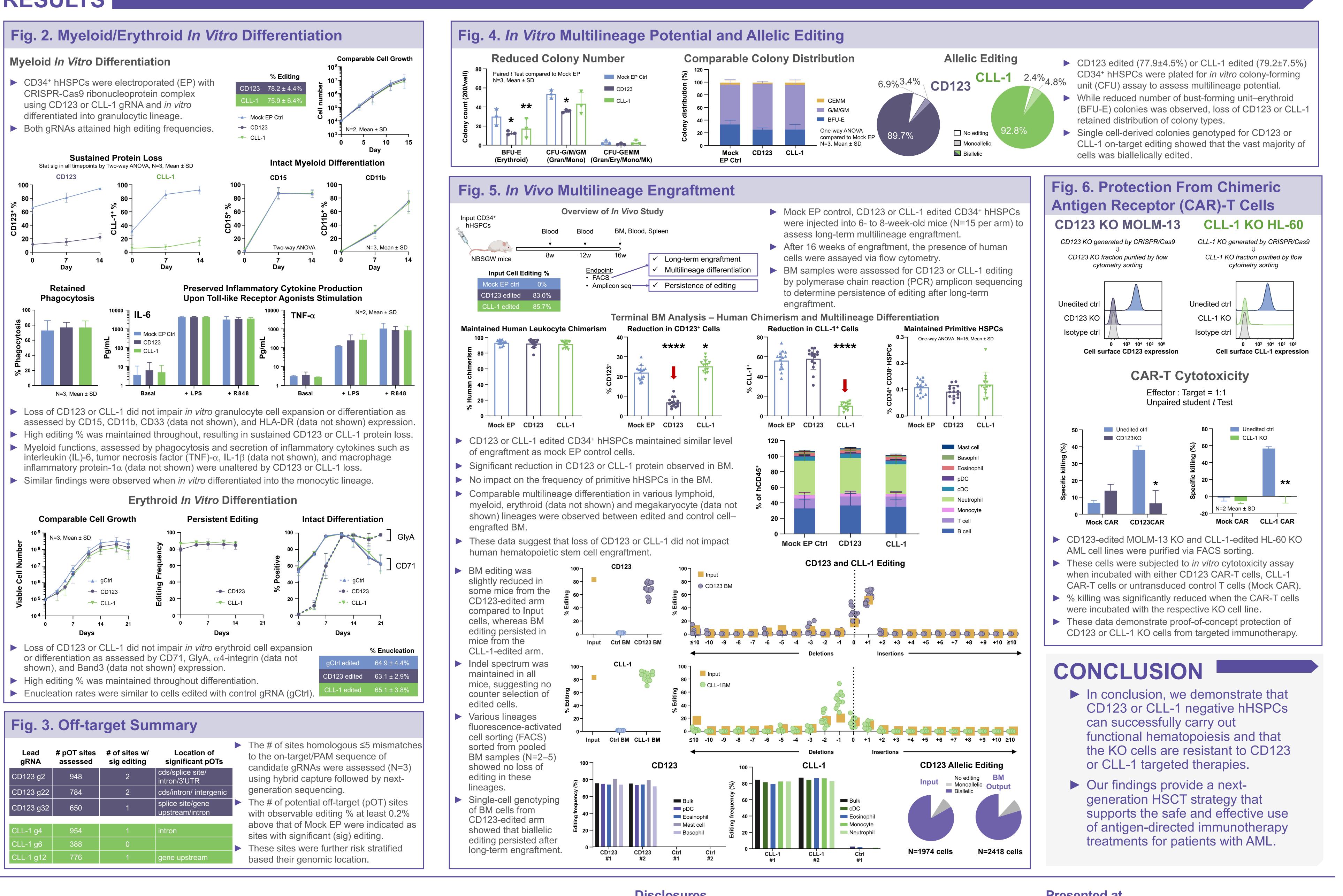
Reference 1. Perna F, et al. Cancer Cell. 2017;32:506-519

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RESULTS



Disclosures

All authors listed here are current employees and equity holders of Vor Biopharma, with the exception of asterisked authors*, who are no longer employees at Vor Biopharma.

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